

REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR- 59250

Title: Carcinome Papillaire Encapsulé Du Sein : A Propos D'un Cas et Revue De La Littérature.

Recommendation:

Accept as it is

Accept after minor revision...

Accept after major revision

Do not accept (*Reasons below*)

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality		Good		
Clarity		Good		
Significance		Good		

Reviewer's ID: Dr. Sumathi

Detailed Reviewer's Report

1. Encapsulated papillary carcinoma (EPC) is a rare, slow-growing form of breast cancer representing 0.5% to 2% of all breast cancer diagnoses, defined by cancer cells growing in finger-like projections inside a cyst-like duct enclosed by a thick fibrous capsule.
2. Encapsulated papillary carcinoma (EPC) of the breast—also called intracystic papillary carcinoma—is a rare and slow-growing type of breast cancer that makes up about 0.5% to 2% of all breast cancer cases, grows inside a cyst-like space, and has a very high overall survival rate.
3. Encapsulated papillary carcinoma (EPC) of the breast is a rare, highly indolent subtype of breast cancer accounting for 0.5% to 2% of diagnoses, characterized by a well-defined fibrous capsule, a lack of myoepithelial cells, and an exceptionally favorable prognosis.
4. Encapsulated papillary carcinoma (EPC) of the breast is a rare and distinct type of low-grade tumor that accounts for about 0.5% to 2% of all breast cancers. It typically affects postmenopausal women between the ages of 55 and 67.

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- 5. The prognosis for encapsulated papillary carcinoma (EPC) of the breast is excellent, with a very high survival rate and low risk of recurrence.**
- 6. The term encapsulated means to be enclosed within something or condensed down into a highly concentrated, essential form.**
- 7. Papillary carcinoma is a form of cancer named after its microscopic appearance, characterized by cells arranged in small, finger-like projections called papillae. While it can technically form in various organs, it is by far most famous and common as papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC), the leading type of thyroid cancer.**
- 8. Key words must be given more words.**
- 9. Information are given significant but not sufficient.**
- 10. Introduction and literature part can be included more information.**
- 11. Pictures are good.**
- 12. Result part can be made tables with pie chart for values.**
- 13. Summary points also be added.**
- 14. References should be with alphabetical order.**
- 15. After those changes good to publish in your journal.**