



Manuscript No.: IJAR-58501

Recommendation:

Do not accept (*Reasons below*) ☐☐☐

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality	√			
Techn. Quality	√			
Clarity		√		
Significance	√			

Reviewer's Comment for Publication.

Strength:

1. Clinically relevant and important neonatal research topic.
2. Clear study design with well-defined inclusion and exclusion criteria.
3. Appropriate statistical analysis with significant findings.
4. Practical and inexpensive screening approach.
5. Results are clearly presented and supported by tables

1. Single-center study with a relatively small sample size.
2. Cross-sectional design limits causal inference.
3. Other risk factors for neonatal jaundice were not comprehensively analyzed.
4. Diagnostic accuracy measures (sensitivity, specificity, ROC analysis) were not reported.
5. Minor grammatical and formatting revisions are needed.
6. Multicenter studies with larger populations are recommended.

The manuscript addresses an important clinical issue by evaluating umbilical cord serum albumin as an early predictor of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia. The methodology is appropriate, the findings are clinically relevant, and the results support the potential use of cord serum albumin for early risk

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REVIEWER'S REPORT

stratification. Minor revisions related to language, formatting, inclusion of diagnostic accuracy parameters, and expansion of the discussion on study limitations would further strengthen the manuscript.

Recommendation: Manuscript accepted for publication.