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REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR-56931

Title: Clinical Profile and Sociodemographic and Psychosocial Correlates of Conversion Disorder in a Tribal Population of Maharashtra.

Recommendation:

Accept as it is

Accept after minor revision...

Accept after major revision

Do not accept (*Reasons below*)

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality	Excellent			
Clarity	Excellent			
Significance	Excellent			

Reviewer's ID: Dr. Sumathi

Detailed Reviewer's Report

- 1. The Clinical Profile is the left-hand panel that appears in every patient's chart. It is home to important patient details including their allergies, problems, history and medications. The Clinical Profile is also used for documenting vaccines, growth charts and storing legal and confidential notes.**
- 2. Sociodemographic refers to a combination of social and demographic factors used to describe characteristics of a population, such as age, sex, race, education level, income, and occupation. This data is crucial for analyzing health outcomes, marketing research, and understanding social structures.**
- 3. Psychosocial correlates are factors linking an individual's psychological state (emotions, beliefs) to their social environment (relationships, status), influencing health behaviors, mental well-being, and physical outcomes. Key correlates include stress, social support, self-efficacy, and stigma, which act as predictors of behavioral and physical health outcomes.**
- 4. The U.S. American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) population, including those of mixed race, represents a significant demographic, with over 50% residing in five states—Oklahoma, Arizona,**

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California, New Mexico, and Texas. Major tribes include the Cherokee, Navajo, and Choctaw, with populations often tracked via tribal enrollment, which is generally considered more accurate than Census data due to undercounting in rural areas.

5. Sociodemographic (age, education, employment) and (social support, depression, anxiety, optimism) are key, interrelated determinants of health outcomes, resilience, and behavioral patterns, with significant, measurable impacts on quality of life, particularly in vulnerable populations, such as those with chronic illness, disabilities, or during crises.
6. Key words must be given in down of abstract part.
7. Abstract is good.
8. Significant points are given excellent!
9. Result part is awesome with tables and graphs.
10. Summary points can be included.
11. References should be in alphabetical order.
12. After those changes good to publish in your journal.