



### REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR-56898

Title: A typical manifestation of Cutaneous Infantile Hemangiomas: A Case Series.

**Recommendation:**

Accept as it is .....

**Accept after minor revision.....**

Accept after major revision .....

Do not accept (*Reasons below*) .....

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality	Excellent			
Clarity	Excellent			
Significance	Excellent			

Reviewer's ID: Dr. Sumathi

### *Detailed Reviewer's Report*

- 1. A hemangioma is a noncancerous (benign) tumor caused by abnormal, rapid growth of blood vessels, often appearing as a red "strawberry" mark or a deep blue nodule on the skin at birth or shortly after. They are most common on the head and neck, usually growing for several months before shrinking and disappearing on their own, often by age 3 to 10.**
- 2. Infantile hemangiomas are common, benign vascular tumors that appear as red or blue, rapidly growing bumps on a baby's skin during the first few weeks of life. Often called "strawberry hemangiomas," they typically grow for 5–7 months before slowly shrinking over several years. While most disappear without treatment, medications like propranolol can treat ones that interfere with vision, breathing, or cause ulceration.**
- 3. A strawberry naevus is a common, benign red birthmark caused by a cluster of extra blood vessels, appearing in 1 in 10 infants. Usually appearing shortly after birth, they grow for several months before slowly disappearing on their own, often by age 5–10. Treatment is rarely needed unless they affect vision or breathing.**

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- 4. Vascular tumors are abnormal growths stemming from blood or lymph vessel cells, ranging from common benign infantile hemangiomas to rare, malignant angiosarcomas. They often present as red, blue, or purple skin lesions or deeper tissue masses, with symptoms including swelling, pain, and bleeding. Treatment involves monitoring, medication, or surgical removal.**
- 5. Vascular malformations are congenital, often lifelong abnormalities of blood vessels (veins, arteries, or lymph vessels) that grow proportionately with the body, appearing as birthmarks, swelling, or pain. Caused by developmental errors or genetic mutations, they are classified as slow or fast-flow, with treatments including sclerotherapy, laser, and surgery.**
- 6. Propranolol is a beta-blocker primarily used to manage cardiovascular conditions like high blood pressure (hypertension), angina (chest pain), and irregular heartbeats (atrial fibrillation). It is also widely used for tremor reduction, migraine prevention, and controlling physical symptoms of anxiety.**
- 7. A superficial hemangioma is a common, benign, bright-red vascular birthmark ("strawberry mark") that appears on the skin surface due to rapid blood vessel overgrowth. Often appearing shortly after birth, these harmless tumors grow rapidly for 12–15 months before slowly shrinking on their own over several years.**
- 8. Key words are good.**
- 9. Abstract is excellent!**
- 10. Significant points are given.**
- 11. Result part can be made tables for values.**
- 12. Summary points also be included.**
- 13. References should be in alphabetical order.**
- 14. After those changes good to publish in your journal.**