



REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR-56870

Title: Juvenile fibroadenoma of the breast: a case report and review of the literature.

Recommendation:

Accept as it is

Accept after minor revision.....

Accept after major revision

Do not accept (*Reasons below*)

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality		Good		
Clarity		Good		
Significance		Good		

Reviewer's ID: Dr. Sumathi

Detailed Reviewer's Report

- Juvenile fibroadenoma is a rare, benign breast tumor occurring in adolescent females (usually 10–18 years old), representing a rapidly growing variant of typical fibroadenomas. These tumors are usually painless, solitary, unilateral, and firm, frequently growing to >5 cm (giant fibroadenoma), causing significant breast asymmetry. Treatment usually involves surgical excision to preserve breast aesthetics.**
- Fibroadenomas are benign (non-cancerous) breast lumps that typically do not turn into cancer. While they are very rarely associated with malignant transformation, having a fibroadenoma may slightly increase your future risk of developing breast cancer, particularly if it is classified as a "complex" fibroadenoma.**
- A breast mass is a lump, swelling, or area of thickened tissue that feels different from surrounding breast tissue. While often caused by noncancerous conditions like fluid-filled cysts or benign fibroadenomas, any new or changing breast mass should be**

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evaluated by a healthcare professional, as they can sometimes indicate breast cancer.

4. A cancerous breast tumor typically feels like a hard, painless, and irregular-shaped lump that is fixed in place and does not move easily under the skin. Unlike benign cysts, these tumors often feel firm, similar to a small rock or hard pea, and may cause skin thickening or dimpling, often appearing in only one breast.
5. Adolescence is the transitional stage of physical and psychological development between childhood and adulthood, typically occurring from ages 10 to 19. Marked by puberty, it involves significant hormonal, physical, and cognitive changes, including the development of secondary sexual characteristics and increased brain maturity.
6. The ACR-4 is a dual-concentric dash remote designed for controlling subwoofer levels and Epicenter bass restoration on compatible Audio Control processors, specifically the Epicenter Micro and Micro PRO. It features a rotary knob design, includes a 20-foot cable, and provides precise, real-time audio adjustments.
7. A lumpectomy is a breast-conserving outpatient surgery that removes a tumor and a surrounding margin of healthy tissue, usually taking 1–2 hours. It offers equivalent survival rates to mastectomy for early-stage breast cancer when paired with radiation. Recovery typically takes about a week, with risks including pain, numbness, and potential infection.
8. A lumpectomy is generally considered a minor-to-moderate, outpatient surgical procedure rather than a major operation. It removes a breast tumor and a small amount of surrounding tissue, typically taking 15–40 minutes, allowing patients to go home the same day with recovery taking one to two weeks.
9. Key words are good but can be added more.
10. Abstract is good.
11. Pictures are good but in result part should be given tables with values.
12. Summary points should be added.
13. Discussion points and over all paper some more information can be added.
14. References should be in alphabetical order.

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- 15. After those changes good top publish in your journal.**