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REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: IJAR- 56331

Title: JUXTAPAPILLARY CHOROIDAL METASTASIS OF BREAST CARCINOMA: A CASE REPORT

Recommendation:

Accept as it is

Accept after minor revision.....

Accept after major revision

Do not accept (*Reasons below*)

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality	Excellent			
Clarity	Excellent			
Significance	Excellent			

Detailed Reviewer's Report

- 1. Choroidal metastasis is the most common intraocular malignancy, where cancer (typically breast in women, lung in men) spreads to the eye's vascular layer, often causing blurred vision, flashes, or floaters. These yellow, plateau-shaped tumors are usually diagnosed via ophthalmic exam and imaging. Treatment focuses on managing the cancer with systemic therapy, radiation, or laser to preserve vision.**
- 2. Breast carcinoma is the uncontrolled growth of cells in breast tissue, often presenting as a painless lump, skin changes, or abnormal mammogram findings. Invasive ductal carcinoma is the most common type (80%), starting in ducts and spreading to surrounding tissue. Key treatments include surgery, radiation, chemotherapy, and hormone therapy.**
- 3. Juxtapapillary refers to the region right next to the optic disc, the point where the optic nerve enters the eye. It's an area often examined for signs of swelling, pigment changes, or blood vessel growth. Because this zone borders the optic nerve, any irregularities can indicate early disease.**
- 4. Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) is breast cancer that starts in the breast ducts and spreads to surrounding tissue. It is the most**

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common type of breast cancer, making up about 80% of breast cancer diagnoses. If caught and treated early, invasive ductal carcinoma can potentially be cured.

5. Ductal carcinoma in situ is a very early form of breast cancer. In ductal carcinoma in situ, the cancer cells are confined inside a milk duct in the breast. The cancer cells haven't spread into the breast tissue. Ductal carcinoma in situ is often shortened to DCIS.
6. Squamous cell carcinoma of the skin is usually not life-threatening. But if it's not treated, squamous cell carcinoma of the skin can grow large or spread to other parts of the body. The growth of the cancer can cause serious complications.
7. Upon diagnosis of choroidal metastases, more than 50% of patients are found to have other sites of metastatic spread, most commonly the lung. Prognosis is poor with a median survival time of 6-12 months.
8. Choroidal metastasis is the most common intraocular malignancy and the first sign of systemic malignancy in up to a third of patients with cancer.^{1,2} The two most common primary tumor sites are breast and lung, which are found in 40% to 53% and 20% to 29% of cases, respectively.
9. Key words are given good but need to give more words.
10. Abstract is given excellent.
11. Result part picture is awesome but for results can be given tables.
12. Summary points also be added.
13. References should be in alphabetical order.
14. After those changes good to publish in your journal.