

REVIEWER'S REPORT

Manuscript No.: JNHM-154

Title: Homoeopathic Interventions for Cutaneous Warts: A Systematic Review and Evidence Synthesis Across Clinical Types.

Recommendation:

Accept as it is

Accept after minor revision...

Accept after major revision

Do not accept (*Reasons below*)

Rating	Excel.	Good	Fair	Poor
Originality		Good		
Techn. Quality	Excellent			
Clarity	Excellent			
Significance	Excellent			

Reviewer's ID: Dr. Sumathi

Detailed Reviewer's Report

1. A cutaneous wart is a noncancerous skin growth caused by an infection with strains of the human papillomavirus (HPV). The virus enters through tiny breaks in the skin, causing rapid cell growth. They appear as rough, grain-like bumps and spread through direct contact.
2. Cutaneous warts are noncancerous, contagious skin growths caused by strains of the HPV, primarily manifesting as common warts, flat warts, and plantar warts. They occur when the virus enters through tiny cuts or breaks in the skin, prompting rapid cell growth that thickens the outer skin layer.
3. Homoeopathy (or homeopathy) is an alternative medicine system created in 1796 by German physician Samuel Hahnemann. It relies on the principle of "like cures like"—the belief that a substance causing specific symptoms in a healthy person can cure those same symptoms in diluted doses. Scientific consensus shows it is pseudoscientific and lacks proven effectiveness.
4. Verruca vulgaris, commonly known as the common wart, is a small, noncancerous skin growth caused by certain strains of the human

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papillomavirus (HPV). They typically feature a rough, grainy, cauliflower-like surface, frequently appear on the hands, fingers, or knees, and spread through direct skin contact or shared items.

5. A systematic review is a structured, transparent, and reproducible research method that collects, appraises, and synthesizes all empirical evidence matching pre-specified eligibility criteria to answer a focused research question. It minimizes bias by using explicit, systematic procedures at every stage.
6. Homoeopathic interventions for cutaneous warts involve using highly diluted natural substances chosen to match a person's specific physical traits and overall health. Practitioners aim to stimulate the body's self-healing response rather than treating the skin lesion directly with local chemicals or surgery.
7. Evidence synthesis uses structured, transparent methods to combine findings from multiple clinical studies. Different types fit different clinical questions, ranging from treatment effectiveness and diagnostic accuracy to patient experiences and broad landscape mapping.
8. Key words are good.
9. Flow chart of significant points are good.
10. In result part can be made graphs for values.
11. Summary points also be added.
12. After a small changes good to publish in your journal.